

# INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS



# **Control Unit**

50CJ

Rated cooling capacity: 5 - 55 kW (W) - 50 Hz Rated cooling capacity: 5 - 47 kW (X) - 50 Hz

# **CONTENTS**

1 - INDOOR UNIT(S) (50CJ)	4
2 - RECEIPT	5
3 - HANDLING	
3.1 - Weights and dimensions:	6
4 - LOCATION OF COMPONENTS	7
4.1 - W 5/8/12/16/27:	
4.2 - X 5/8/10/12/15/19/24/31/36/38/48:	
5 - INSTALLATION: UNIT/FRAME/PLENUM	
5.1 - Setting the unit in place	
5.2 - Units equipped with a plenum:	
6 - CONNECTIONS	9
6.1 - Air connections	
6.2 - Hydraulic connections	
6.3 - Refrigerant connections, Unit X	
7 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
7.1 - Filters	
7.2 - Cooling coil:	13
7.3 - Refrigerant circuit checks:	
7.4 - Heating coil and valve (option)	15
7.5 - Air flow rate setting (indoor unit)	
7.7 - Humidifier (option)	
7.8 - Electric heater (option)	
7.9 - Control	18
7.9 - GOIIIO	
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	
	19
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	<b>19</b> <b>20</b> 21
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	<b>1920</b> 21
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	19202121212122
8 - SYSTEM START-UP  9 - MAINTENANCE  9.1 - Filters  9.2 - Cooling coil  9.3 - Electric heater  9.4 - Humidifier  9.5 - Fan	19212121212223
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	1920212121222323
8 - SYSTEM START-UP  9 - MAINTENANCE  9.1 - Filters  9.2 - Cooling coil  9.3 - Electric heater  9.4 - Humidifier  9.5 - Fan  9.6 - Electrics box  10 - SERVICE INTERVAL SUMMARY TABLE	1921212122232324
8 - SYSTEM START-UP.  9 - MAINTENANCE.  9.1 - Filters.  9.2 - Cooling coil.  9.3 - Electric heater.  9.4 - Humidifier.  9.5 - Fan.  9.6 - Electrics box.  10 - SERVICE INTERVAL SUMMARY TABLE.  11 - OPERATING READINGS.  12 - REGULATIONS.	19202121212223232425
8 - SYSTEM START-UP  9 - MAINTENANCE  9.1 - Filters  9.2 - Cooling coil  9.3 - Electric heater  9.4 - Humidifier  9.5 - Fan  9.6 - Electrics box  10 - SERVICE INTERVAL SUMMARY TABLE  11 - OPERATING READINGS  12 - REGULATIONS  13 - OUTDOOR UNIT(S) (CL2) ASSOCIATED WITH 50CJ X	19202121222323242526
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	192021212223242526
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	192021212223242526262626
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	19202121222324252626262627
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	1920212122232425262626262727
8 - SYSTEM START-UP	1920212122232425262626272727

# **CONTENTS**

23 - DIMENSIONS	30
23.1 - Models CL2 28 and 35	30
23.2 - Models CL2 50, 65 and 75	31
24 - INSTALLATION	32
25 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS	33
26 - SETTING THE CONTROL AND SAFETY DEVICES	33
27 - REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS	34
28 - COMMISSIONING	36
29 - CARE AND MAINTENANCE	37
30 - TROUBLESHOOTING	38

# 1 - INDOOR UNIT(S) (50CJ)



Appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) must be worn whenever servicing the units.

### Warning

The unit must be installed and maintained by a qualified, experienced technician. Follow the operating precautions to the letter when working on the unit. Labels have been placed on the unit to remind you of the safety instructions. As a general rule, follow all applicable safety regulations and standards.

### Introduction to the range:

The 50CJ is a range of precision close control units that is specifically adapted to meet the air handling needs of computer and telecommunications rooms, and rooms for special purposes (electronic, sensitive storage, medical, clean rooms).

The 50CJ range operates with chilled water or direct expansion

The description of the unit is indicated using the following format:

EXPAIR	CW	16	1
1	2	3	4

1 Range

Unit type W: chilled water

Unit type X: direct expansion

2 3 4

(3) Cooling capacity

(4) Type of assembly UNDER 1,

- OVER 3, 4 or 5

Each unit has a name plate bearing an identification number. This number must be quoted in all correspondence.

In accordance with Article 133-3 of the French Code of Commerce, the recipient is entirely responsible for checking the condition of the goods received.

In the event of missing items, the customer must provide the exact number of parcels delivered.

Any damaged or missing items must be specified on the delivery note in the presence of the driver before signing the delivery note.



These comments must be confirmed to the carrier by registered letter within three business days.

The comments "conditional" and "pending unwrapping" shall have no value.

The client must unwrap the goods in the presence of the driver.

Claims must be made at the time of delivery and be described in detail.

### **■** Equipment storage

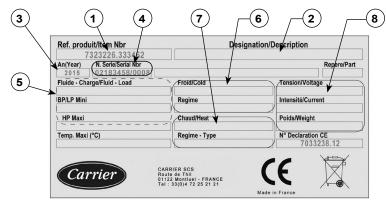
The cabinet must be stored in a dry, sealed area, away from moisture and frost. The temperature in this area must not exceed 50°C.

### ■ Equipment warranty

See the general terms and conditions of sale.

### ■ Identifying the equipment

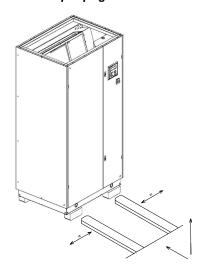
Each unit has a name plate located at the bottom of the electrics box that bears an identification number. This number must be quoted in all correspondence.



- 1 Product reference
- (2) Product description
- 3 Year of manufacture
- (4) **Serial no.** (to be quoted in all correspondence)
- (5) Type of fluid used in the exchanger and operating pressure.
- (6) Cooling capacity + water temperature used
- (7) Heating capacity + water temperature used (with heating coil option)
  - + usage type (2 stages or TRIAC, with heating coil option)
- (8) Cabinet information
  - Supply voltage
  - Weight of the device

The unit must be lifted using slings or a spreader beam or be carried by a pallet truck and all four corners of the unit must be supported by wooden blocks. In all cases, the lifting point has to be at the base of the unit. The unit shall be handled by qualified personnel. Refer to the information given on the relevant label on the unit.

# IMPORTANT: The unit must be handled with care and kept upright.



# 3.1 - Weights and dimensions:

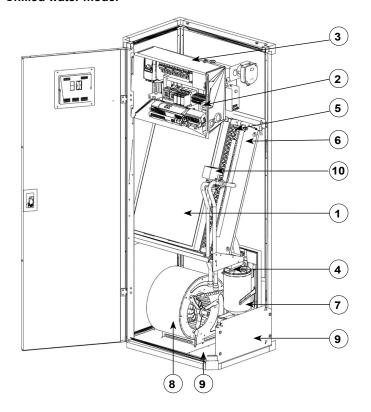
SIZES	Unit W						
SIZES	Dimensions H x W x D.	Weight (kg)					
5		115					
8	1700 x 680 x 500	120					
12		125					
16	1900 x 850 x 780	280					
27	1900 x 1150 x 780	310					

SIZES	X unit Indoor unit					
SIZES	Dimensions H x W x D	Weight (kg)				
5		115				
8	1700 x 680 x 500	120				
10		125				
12	1900 x 850 x 780	280				
15	1900 x 030 x 700	200				
19	1900 x 1150 x 780	310				
24	1900 X 1150 X 760	310				
31	1900 x 1490 x 780	375				
36	1900 x 1490 x 760	3/5				
38	1900 x 1990 x 780	480				
48	1900 X 1990 X 760	400				

SIZES	CL2 condensation unit Outdoor unit					
SIZES	Dimensions H x W x D	Weight (kg)				
CL2 28	658 x 1035 x 449	69				
CL2 28	658 x 1035 x 449	69				
CL2 35	658 x 1035 x 449	69				
CL2 35	658 x 1035 x 449	69				
CL2 50	1258 x 1035 x 449	101				
CL2 65	1258 x 1035 x 449	112				
CL2 75	1258 x 1035 x 449	118				
2 x CL2 50	1258 x 1035 x 449	202				
2 x CL2 65	1258 x 1035 x 449	224				
2 x CL2 65	1258 x 1035 x 449	224				
2 x CL2 75	1258 x 1035 x 449	236				

# 4.1 - W 5/8/12/16/27:

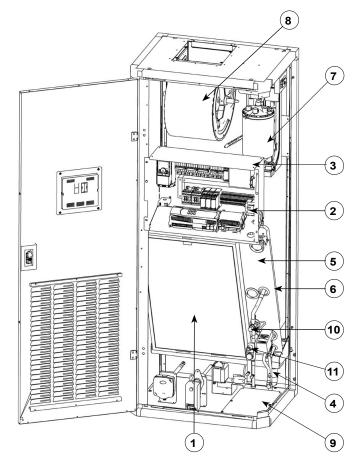
### Chilled water model



- 1- Filter
- 2- Disconnect switch
- 3- Control unit 4- Condensate draining 5- Cooling coil
- 6- Heating coil (optional)
- 7- Humidifier (option)
- 8- Fan motor assembly
- 9- Removable plate for hydraulic connections (bottom or right-hand side)
- 10- Control valve

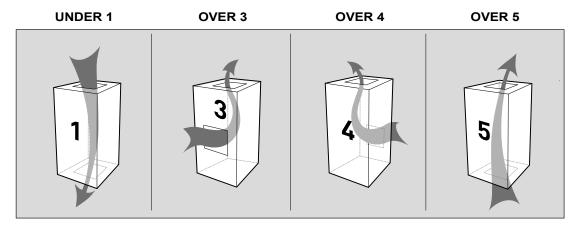
# 4.2 - X 5/8/10/12/15/19/24/31/36/38/48:

# Direct expansion model



- 1- Filter
- 2- Disconnect switch 3- Control unit
- 4- Condensate draining
- 5- Evaporator coil
- 6- Heating coil (optional)
- 7- Humidifier (option)
- 8- Fan motor assembly
- 9- Removable plate for hydraulic connections (bottom or right-hand side) 10- Expansion valve 11- Solenoid valve

# 4.3 - Assembly/air flow direction



# 5 - INSTALLATION: UNIT/FRAME/PLENUM

# 5.1 - Setting the unit in place

- The unit must be placed on a flat, smooth surface which is as level as possible (ratio of approx. one to one thousand).
- If the supply air is conveyed through a raised floor, the seal between the unit and the floor must be tight.
- The unit need not be anchored to the floor if it is operated under normal conditions.
- Provide sufficient space for maintenance around the unit.
- The cabinet frame must rest fully on its contact surface.

### ■ Units fitted with a support base

- The floor must be as flat as possible,
- A seal must be placed between the unit and bed of the frame.
- Level the unit by adjusting the legs on the support base, (see the drawing of the base supplied with the unit)

# 1

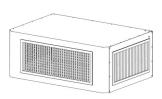
# 5.2 - Units equipped with a plenum:

# ■ Supply/extraction plenum

Proposed when air is to be distributed directly into a space. It is mounted on top of the cabinet and features double-deflection grilles to allow the direction of the air stream to be adjusted.

The plenum may also be used mounted at the bottom to carry air directly from a space back to the air handling system.

The plenum is secured from the inside at the 4 corners. To secure it, the diffusion grille on the front panel must therefore be removed.



### 6.1 - Air connections

### Indoor unit

The air connection is made using rigid ducts in sheet steel or similar, fitted with a drilled connection flange. It is secured with self-tapping screws. A gasket should be fitted between the flange and the unit.

For units to be fitted as UNDER models (air discharge to the ground), a support base is available as an option to enable this. If the raised floor allows, a single hole is required, in the raised floor itself, with the same dimensions as the base. Tightness will be ensured by fitting a gasket between the unit and the support frame.

# 6.2 - Hydraulic connections

The hydraulic pipes must be routed through the plate provided for this purpose.

### ..p. 00 ......

(removable bottom or right-hand side plate)



- 1 Remove the precut foam panel,
- 2 Drill the external panel,
- 3 Make the correct cut-outs in the plate
- 4 Put it back in place before routing the tubing, and seal to prevent any air bypass.

### **OVER**

(Routing on the right-hand side)



### ■ Condensate drain

- Fit a siphon: H = 100 mm
- If the humidifier option is selected: the drained water will not flow into the unit's drain pan.
- To have a single drain for both, connect the humidifier drain after the unit's drain pan.
- Two wrenches must always be used when connecting or tightening couplings to avoid bending pipes.
- When the condensate pump option is present, it is fitted inside the unit (connection via a flexible pipe 5 mm in diameter), if the humidifier option has not been selected.

Warning: the operating pressure on the chilled or hot water network must not exceed 8 bar.

### ■ Diameters of water coil connections

Unit W		W5	W8	W12	W16	W27
Cooling coil	Inlet	G1/2" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G1" M
	Outlet	G1/2" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G1" M

Unit W X unit		W5 X5	W8 X8	W12 X10	W16 X 12/15	W27 X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
Heating soil	Inlet	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M
Heating coil	Outlet	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G1/2" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M	G3/4" M

Refer to the section on the "Humidifier" to connect the humidifier.

# 6.3 - Refrigerant connections, Unit X

# ■ Installation precautions

- The refrigerant connections between the unit and the condenser must be made by qualified personnel.
- Only insulated copper refrigeration pipes must be used.
- This network must be designed and constructed correctly in order to ensure the entire system operates correctly.
- The pipes must be sufficiently flexible to withstand fluctuations in length, expansion and contraction.
- The liquid line must be angled to ensure it always conveys the fluid to the unit.

### It is important to avoid:

- Excessive refrigerant fluid loss,
- Accumulation of oil,
- Liquid ingress into the compressor, either when operating or idle,

### The pipe route must:

- not hinder, nor be hindered by, the existing installation,
- be protected against accidental shocks,
- be visible in its entirety, and not be encased in plaster or concrete.
- The height differences and equivalent lengths between the indoor and outdoor unit must meet the recommendations (see Table).
- The pipe dimensions must ensure a minimum pressure drop, and the minimum and maximum speeds must be complied with to ensure correct circulation of the gas and movement of the oil.
- Fit oil traps every 4 metres on the vertical columns to ensure the oil is returned to the compressor.
- Check that no contamination has fallen into the tube.
- Carry out all brazing operations using a nitrogen purge.

# ■ Refrigerant connection diameters

X unit	X5	X8	X10	X12	X15	X19	X24	X31	X36	X38	X48
ø Liquid	3/8"	3/8"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	2 x 1/2"	2 x 1/2"	2 x 1/2"	2 x 1/2"
Ø Gas	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"	1" 1/8	1" 1/8"	2 x 7/8"	2 x 7/8"	2 x 1" 1/8	2 x 1" 1/8

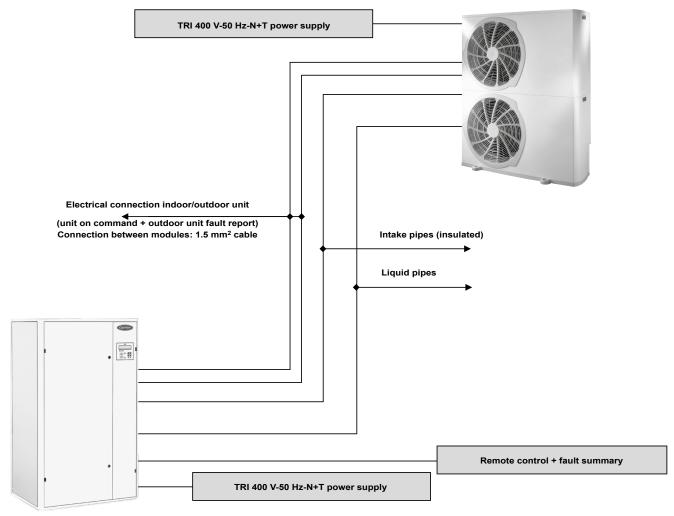
CL2 condensation unit	CL2 28	CL2 28	CL2 35	CL2 35	CL2 50	CL2 65	CL2 75	2 x CL2 50	2 x CL2 65	2 x CL2 65	2 x CL2 75
ø Liquid	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	1/2"	2 x 3/8"	2 x 3/8"	2 x 3/8"	2 x 1/2"
Ø Gas	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"	2 x 3/4"	2 x 7/8"	2 x 7/8"	2 x 7/8"

# ■ Refrigerant connections (Outdoor unit)

Refer to the instructions contained in the outdoor unit

WARNING: The unit is delivered with a safety charge. Refer to the table of charges in the "system start-up" chapter

### **■ PRINCIPLE FOR INSTALLATION**



### Note

- For all electrical connections, refer to the wiring diagram sent with the indoor and outdoor unit.
- Electrical connection not supplied by CARRIER
- Refrigerant pipe not supplied by CARRIER

IMPORTANT: 50CJ (X 31, X 36, X 38, X 48) models have 2 outdoor units.

# ■ Table of the maximum lengths for refrigerant connections

The tables below show the permitted lengths for the pipers and the corresponding maximum height difference.

The values in the tables show the reduction in cooling capacity as compared to the nominal capacity as a percentage.

# X 5 + CL2 28 / 3/8" liquid line, 5/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30
0	0	-6	-9
5	0	-6	-9
10	-	-6	-

# X 8 + CL2 28 / 3/8" liquid line, 5/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-3	-5	-7	-9
10	-	-3	-5	-7	-9
20	-	-3	-5	-7	-9
30	-	-	-5	-7	-9

# X 10 + CL35 / 3/8" liquid line, 3/4" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-2	-4	-6	-8
10	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
20	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
30	-	-	-4	-6	-8

# X 12 + CL2 35 / 3/8" liquid line, 3/4" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-2	-4	-6	-8
10	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
20	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
30	-	-	-4	-6	-8

# X 15 + CL2 50 / 3/8" liquid line, 3/4" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-2	-4	-6	-8
10	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
20	-	-2	-4	-6	-8
30	-	-	-4	-6	-8

# X 19 + CL2 65 / 3/8" liquid line, 7/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-4	-5	-6	-7
5	0	-4	-5	-6	-7
10	-	-4	-5	-6	-
20	_	-4	-5	-	-

# X 24 + CL2 75 / 1/2" liquid line, 7/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-2	-3	-4	-5
10	-	-2	-3	-4	-5
20	-	-2	-3	-4	-5
30	-	-	-3	-4	-5

# X 31 + 2 x CL50 / 2 x 3/8" liquid line, 2 x 3/4" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-5	-7	-8	-9
10	-	-5	-7	-8	-9
20	-	-5	-7	-8	-9
25	-	-	-7	-8	-

# X 36 + 2 x CL65 / 2 x 3/8" liquid line, 2 x 7/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-4	-5	-6	-7
10	-	-4	-5	-6	-7
20	-	-4	-5	-	-

# X 38 + 2 x CL2 65 / 2 x 3/8" liquid line, 2 x 7/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40
0	0	-4	-5	-6
10	-	-4	-5	-6
20	-	-4	-5	-

# X 48 + 2 x CL2 75 / 2 x 1/2" liquid line, 2 x 7/8" gas line

Total length (m) Height difference (m)	6	20	30	40	50
0	0	-5	-7	-8	-9
10	-	-5	-7	-8	-9
20	-	-5	-7	-8	-9
30	-	-	-7	-8	-

### 6.4 - Electrical connection

- The cable must be protected by a grommet.
- The electrical connections and wiring must be set up as shown on the electrical diagram included with the unit and in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.
- Make sure that electrical rating given on the unit's number plate matches that of the mains supply.
- The unit must be connected to earth and the electrical supply must always be powerful enough to supply the necessary power.
- The indoor and outdoor units each have their own power supplies.
- The electrical cable must be selected based on the necessary length, power, protection and operating mode, and in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.

# ■ INDOOR UNIT electrical specifications

# 3-phase 400 V + Neutral + Earth - 50 Hz

Unit W		W5	W8	W12	W16	W27	V 04/00	V 00/40
X unit		X5	X8	X10	X 12/15	X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
	Voltage (V)				230 \	/		
Fan motor assembly	Power (kW)		1,036		1,029	2,072	2,058	3,087
	Current (A)		4,51		4,38	9,02	8,76	13,14
Control circuit	Voltage (V)	24 V						
(transformer)	Current (A)				1			
	Voltage (V)				400 \	/		
Humidifier (option)	Power (kW)		2,25			(		
	Current (A)	3,2 8,7						
	Voltage (V)	400 V						
Electric heater (option)	Power (kW)		3	6	9	12	18	24
	Current (A)	4	1,3	8,7	13	17,3	26	34,6
Total current without	Current (A)		5,51		5,38	10,02	9,76	14,14
option	Rating of main switch (A)				16			
Total current with	Current (A)		8,71		14,08	18,72	18,46	22,84
humidifier only	Rating of main switch (A)			16			25	
Total current with	Current (A)	9	,81	14,21	18,38	27,32	35,76	48,74
electric heater only	Rating of main switch (A)	16		25	4	0	63	
Total current with all options	Current (A)	13	3,01	17,41	27,08	36,02	44,46	57,44
(Humid. + El. heater)	Rating of main switch (A)		16	25	40		63	

# ■ OUTDOOR UNIT electrical specifications

3-ph 400 V power supply + Neutral + Earth - 50 Hz

Refer to the instructions contained in the outdoor unit

To connect the Indoor/Outdoor unit, see the appendix at the end of the instructions.

# 7 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 - Filters

EN 779-2012 efficiency: M5 ISO16890 efficiency: ePM10 50%

Thickness: 48 mm.

Efficiency: 90% gravimetric

Filter area: 2 x the face area

Fire rating: M1.

EN 779-2012 efficiency: F7 ISO16890 efficiency: ePM1 60%

Thickness: 48 mm

Efficiency: 85% opacimetric

Filter area: 17 x face area with a thickness of 48 mm

Fire rating: M1

Unit W X unit	W5 X5	W8 X8	W12 X10	W16 X 12/15	W27 X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
Dimensions	508 x 465	604 x 465	700 x 465	945 x 565	945 x 400	945 x 565	945 x 500
Number	1	1	1	1	2	2	4

### ■ Pressure drops - clean filters

Unit W X unit	W5 X5	W8 X8	W12 X10	W16 X 12/15	W27 X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
Nominal flow rate (m³/h)	1 300	2 000	2 500	4 000	6 000	8 000	12 000
∆P (Pa) M5/ePM10 50%	33	49	55	53	58	53	58
∆P (Pa) F7/ePM1-60%	35	53	59	57	63	57	63
ΔP (Pa) M5+F7(ePM10 50%+ePM1 60%)	-	-	-	110	121	110	121

Filter fouling is measured by a pressure sensor located in the electrics box.

It is set to 1.5 times the pressure drop value for the filter when clean (pressure tapping upstream and downstream of the filter).

# 7.2 - Cooling coil:

Note: make sure that the chilled water supply pipes are insulated.

Moderately tighten the coil supply connections to avoid damaging the manifolds.

# ■ Coil specifications

Unit W		W5	W8	W12	W16	W27
Coil	Rated water flow rate (1)m³/h	1,1	1,4	1,67	2,57	3,7
specifications	Capacity (I)	2,2	2,74	3,87	9,2	13,1
	KV valve	1,6	2,5	4	4	10
Valve specifications	ΔPmax (Pa) 2-way valve	1200	400	400	600	600
opcomoditions.	ΔPmax (Pa) 3-way valve	250	100	240	600	600

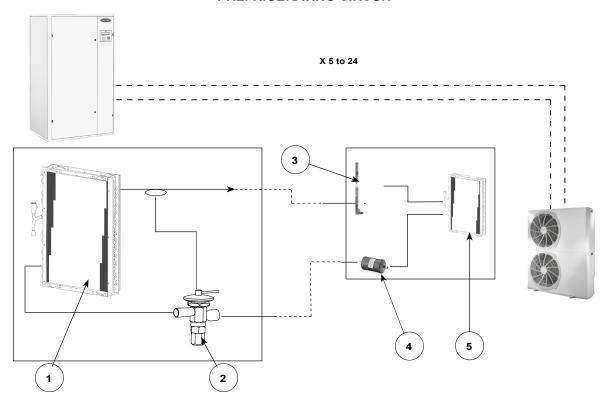
<sup>(1)</sup> Return air conditions 24°C RH 50%, water temperature 7/12 °C

NOTE: Refer to your temperature range selection sheet for the technical information (capacity, water flow, water flow rates, pressure drops, etc.).

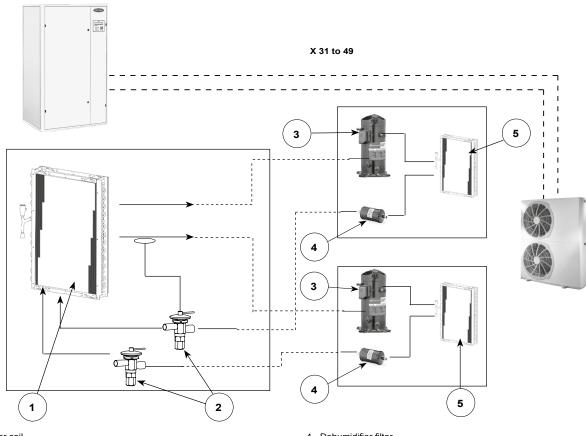
# 7.3 - Refrigerant circuit checks:

# X schematic diagram:

# **1 REFRIGERATING CIRCUIT**



# **2 REFRIGERATING CIRCUITS**



- 1 Evaporator coil2 Thermostatic expansion valve
- 3 Compressor

- 4 Dehumidifier filter 5 Condenser coil

# 7 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# ■ R410A refrigerant charges:

Table 1

Charge in kg per circuit, distance between VERTICAL UNIT and CL2 CONDENSATION UNIT = 0 m

Vertical unit X	X5	X8	X10	X12	X15	X19	X24	X31	X36	X38	X48
CL2 condensation unit	CL2 28	CL2 28	CL2 35	CL2 35	CL2 50	CL2 65	CL2 75	2 x CL2 50	2 x CL2 65	2 x CL2 65	2 x CL2 75
Charge in kg	1,69	1,69	1,952	1,952	3,134	3,68	3,894	3,334	3,38	4,38	4,594
Heater	OPTION	OPTION	OPTION	OPTION	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD	STD
Crankcase <sup>(1)</sup>		01 11011	01 11011	01 11011	0.5	0.5	0.15	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum charge without crankcase heater: 4.5 kg

# Table 2

Charge in kg per circuit to be added according to distance between VERTICAL UNIT and CL2 outdoor unit

CL2 condensation		Distance (m)											
unit	1	3	6	9	12	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
28	0,055	0,165	0,33	0,495	0,66	0,825	1,1	1,375	1,65	1,925	2,2	2,475	2,75
35	0,058	0,174	0,348	0,522	0,696	0,84	1,16	1,45	1,74	2,03	2,32	2,61	2,9
50	0,061	0,183	0,366	0,549	0,732	0,915	1,22	1,525	1,83	2,135	2,44	2,74	3,05
65	0,07	0,21	0,42	0,63	0,84	1,05	1,4	1,75	2,1	2,45	2,8	3,15	3,5
75	0,101	0,303	0,606	0,909	1,212	1,515	2,02	2,525	3,03	3,535	4,04	4,545	5,05

# On-site charge calculation per circuit = Table 1 charge + table 2 charge

# 7.4 - Heating coil and valve (option)





Moderately tighten the "coil supply" connections to avoid damaging the manifolds.

# Coil and valve specifications:

	Unit W X unit	W5 X5	W8 X8	W12 X10	W16 X 12/15	W27 X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
Coil specifications	Rated water flow <sup>(1)</sup> (m³/h)	0,2	0,25	0,33	0,6	0,86	1,21	1,24
specifications	Capacity (I)	0,56	0,67	0,78	1,67	2,35	3	4
	KV valve			1,6			4	
Valve specifications	∆Pmax (Pa) 2-way valve		1	200			400	
	∆Pmax (Pa) 3-way valve	250	250	250	250	240	240	240

(1) Nominal flow rate, water  $\Delta T$ : 20 °C **Note**: Refer to your temperature range selection sheet for the technical information (capacity, water flow, pressure drops, etc.).

# 7.5 - Air flow rate setting (indoor unit)

The air flow rate can be adjusted on-site directly via the control:

- Parameter P155 (CCU Controller)
- No control, inside the electrics box.

# ■ Min. air flow rate (m³/h) for 50CJ W with electric heater and/or humidifier

Unit W	W5	W8	W12	W16	W27
Min. air flow rate value (m³/h)	650	1000	1250	2000	3000

# ■ Min. air flow rate (m³/h) for Unit X

X unit	X5	X8	X10	X12	X15	X19	X24	X31	X36	X38	X48
Min. air flow rate value (m³/h)	600	900	950	2 000	2 000	4 000	4 000	6 000	6 000	8 000	8 000

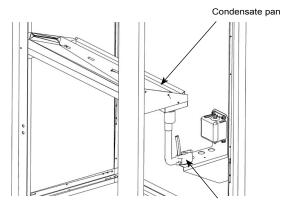
# 7.6 - Condensate drain pump (option)

Specifications:

- 230 V-50 Hz-35 W power supply

- Max flow rate: 30 l/h

- Max. discharge height: 10 m



Condensate drain pump

# ■ Table of actual flow rates

The pressure drops defined in this table are	Discharge beight		Total pip	e length	
calculated with a hose 6 mm in diameter	(m)	5 m (l/h)	10 m (l/h)	20 m (l/h)	30 m (l/h)
	1	29	27	25	23
	2	27,5	25,5	24	22
	3	25,5	24	22	20,5
	4	23,5	22	20	19
NPSH 0 m	5	21	19,5	18	16,5
NP3H U III	6		16,5	15	14
	7		14	12,5	11,5
	8		11,5	10	9
	9		9	7,5	6,5
	10		6	5	4

# 7 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 7.7 - Humidifier (option)

The immersed-electrode humidifier is fitted with a microprocessor-based controller that adapts, within the allowable operating limits, to the physical and chemical properties of the water used.

Voltage is applied to the electrodes immersed in the water; an electrical current passes between them, heating the water to boiling point.

The water acts as an electrical resistance, ensuring continuity between the electrodes and a minimum of dissolved salts.

Unit W X unit		W5/8/12 X 5/8/10		W 16/27 X 12/15/19/24/31/36	6/38/48	
Make/model		KUE T1 COW21 KUE T2 COW21			21	
Control voltage	V	24		24		
Absorbed power in control circuit				V A valve V A valve		
High power circuit voltage		3-PH/400 V		3-PH/400 V		
Power circuit current	Α	3,2		8,7		
Protection rating	Α	10		16		
Max. steam flow rate	kg/h	3		8		
Maximum power	kW	2,25		6		
Factory steam flow rate setting	kg/h	W 5/X 5 : W 8/X 8 : W 12/X 10 :	1.5 1.9 2.4	W 16/X 12/15 : W 27/X 19/24 : X 31/36 : X 38/48 :	3.9 5.7 7.7 8.0	
Factory power setting	kW	W 5/X 5 : W 8/X 8 : W 12/X 10 :	1.13 1.45 1.80	W 16/X 12/15 : W 27/X 19/24 : X 31/36 : X 38/48 :	2.88 4.32 5.75 6.00	
Water supply pressure	bar		1 to	10		
Max. water supply flow rate	l/min	0,6		1,2		
Conductivity of supply water	μS/cm	350 to 1250				
Hardness of supply water	TH in mg/l CaC03	100 to 400				
Drain water flow rate	l/min	10				
Water supply Ø		G 3/4 M				
Drain Ø		32 M				
Weight	kg	2		3.3		

If a water softener or water treatment system is used, the water hardness should not be less than 40% of the initial hardness and should never be less than 15°F. (TH = 150 mg/l CaC03)





# 7.8 - Electric heater (option)

# ■ Specifications:

Choice of electric heater per model

- Galvanised sheet metal panel
- Shielded, coiled finned tubing
- High-inertia heater element
- Power supply voltage: 400 V, 3-phase, 50 Hz
- Control: 2 stage or TRIAC depending on option selected.

Unit W X unit			W5 X5	W8 X8	W12 X10	W16 X 12/15	W27 X 19/24	X 31/36	X 38/48
Voltage		V				400			
Power		kW	3	3	6	9	12	18	24
Current		Α	4,	3	8,7	13	17,3	26	34,6
Dower	Stage 1	kW		3,0		6	,0	12	2,0
Power	Stage 2	kW	-	•	3	,0	6	,0	12,0
Number of heaters	Stage 1	kW		3 x 1		3 :	x 2	3 :	<b>&lt;</b> 4
x Power	Stage 2	kW	-		3	x 1	3 :	x 2	3 x 4
Total current		Α	4,	3	8,7	13	17,3	26	34,6

# 7.9 - Control

Configurable CARRIER CCU Controller. For adjustment and parameter setting, refer to the corresponding manual.



CARRIER CCU Controller



All operations on the refrigerant circuit must be carried out in accordance with the applicable environmental regulations.

After making the necessary electrical and hydraulic connections, carry out the system start-up and check the following steps:

- Check the tightness of the electrical connections,
- Check the hydraulic connections (direction of inlet/outlet connections),
- Make sure the inside of the cabinet is clean and free of foreign bodies,
- Check the electrical supply voltage and the ratings of the overload protections against the current ratings of each component,
- Check the height of the trap,
- Vent the air out of the coils via the bleed screws,
- Check the circuits for any leaks; retighten the valve if necessary,
- To configure the setpoints, refer to the "CCU Controller" manual
- The air flow rate can be adjusted manually using the inverter
- If a master/slave control system is used, make sure that the connection cable between the vertical units is in place.
- Evacuate the system to obtain -0.1 M Pa (-760 mm Hg),
- Fill with the required quantity of refrigerant fluid (for charges see the "Refrigerating circuit" section),
- Simulate a trip of the electrical components, controlled instruments and alarms.
- Check the current of each.

### ■ Standard components:

- Temperature alarm,
- Air flow alarm,
- Condensation unit,
- Fan motor assembly

### Optional components:

- Temperature low limit alarm,
- Outer contact servo control,
- Electric heater.
- Humidifier
- Hot water valve
- Check the cleanliness of the humidifier supply water (option),
- After allowing the unit to run for a few hours, check the fouling level of the filter, especially in the case of an F7/ePM1 60% filter.

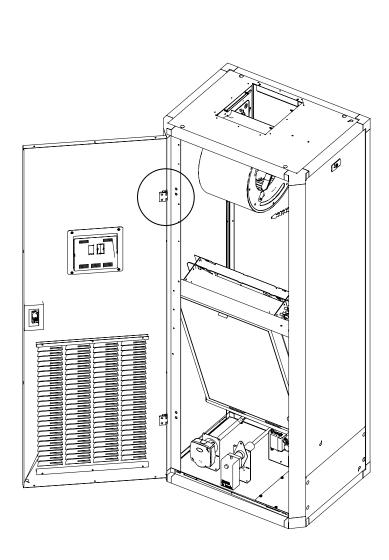
It is possible to remove the doors in order to facilitate access to the various components.

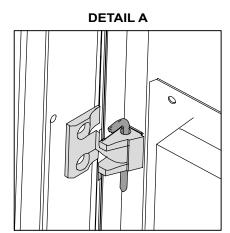
For dual doors:

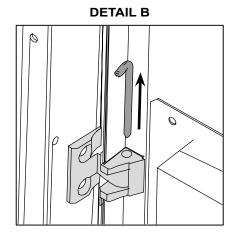
Open the left-hand door using the centre latch and lower the 2 right-hand door targets (for dual doors).

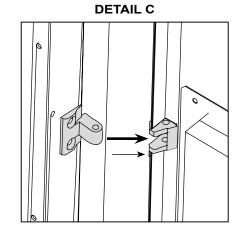
Pull out the pin and remove the hinge (detail A and B)

Lift off the door (Detail C)









### 9.1 - Filters

Check the filters frequently when commissioning the unit. The rate at which they will clog will depend on how well the air circuits were cleaned.

### Maintenance intervals

The filter life depends essentially on the amount of dust in the air and the efficiency of the filtration system. The filtration quality cannot be maintained if the filter medium has been damaged during maintenance. We recommend that the filters be replaced once every two years, even in the case of moderate use

### ■ Replacing the filter elements

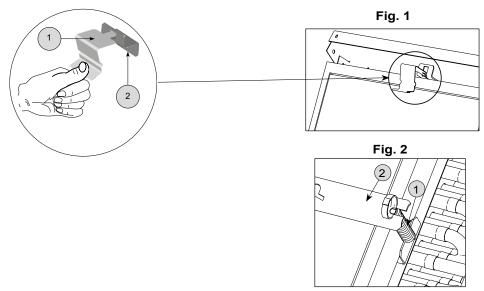
When performing maintenance, it is important to avoid releasing and spreading the dust that has accumulated in the filter. Turn off the unit.

Access the filters by opening the panels on the front.

# For sizes W 5/8/12, X 5/8/10 (Fig.1):

- Press the lug and pull it towards you (no.1) to unclip it and release the filter.

Note: The lug remains attached to the support bracket (no.2).



### For other sizes (Fig.2):

- Remove the spring (no.1) from the runner (no.2).
- Remove the filters by moving the runner aside.
- Replace the used filters with new filters using cells fitted with a gasket. Take care to note the air flow direction indicated on the new filters.
- Always make sure that the filter elements are properly positioned before compressing them or turning the unit back on.

# 9.2 - Cooling coil

# ■ Maintenance intervals

As the cooling coil is protected by a filter, its air circuits require very little maintenance.



Always cut the power supply to the cabinet before proceeding with cleaning.

# 9.3 - Electric heater

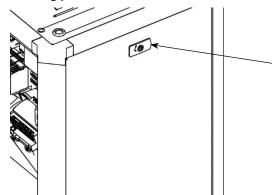
### ■ Maintenance intervals

The electric heater requires very little maintenance. However, the following checks are necessary:

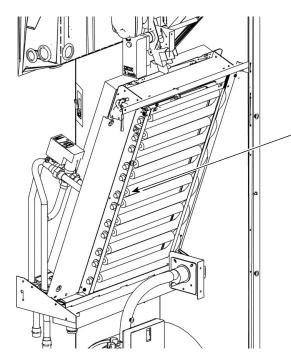
Visually inspect the heating elements, wires and connection cables after every 1500 hours of operation.

Check and retighten the connections once or twice a year.

### ■ Cleaning procedure



To access the electric elements, remove the removable side panel by turning the latch a quarter turn



Accessing heating elements located behind the hydraulic coil. Cleaning using an air nozzle.

To remove the heating elements:

- Unscrew the bolt and remove the washer, and push the pin backwards to release it from its housing.
- Carry out this procedure in reverse when refitting.

### 9.4 - Humidifier

### ■ Maintenance

Clean the humidifier once a year and replace its tank.

### ■ Cleaning or replacing the steam cylinder

This operation is necessary when the deposits that form on the active surface of the electrodes prevent the correct flow of current (alarms E08, E06).

To remove the tank:

- Drain the cylinder completely via the manual drain programme actuated by the control (See extract from the control manual: paragraph 6.2, parameter no.911)
- Cut the power to the unit by turning it off at the switch or removing the fuses on the line,
- Remove the tank steam hose,
- Disconnect the main electrodes and remove the pins from the level electrodes,
- Remove the retention spring from the cylinder and lift the tank up and out.

In general, the steam tank can be reused after being descaled (scale on the electrodes prevents the free flow of water and current). If the electrodes are too damaged to allow regeneration, the cylinder must be replaced: only the cylinder body and the gasket require replacement.

Check the gasket and replace it if need be. Put the tank back in place by following the above steps in reverse order.

# ■ Cleaning the unit and seasonal servicing

The unit must be checked and cleaned once a year or after it is shut off for an extended period. Remember to always first drain the water from the tank and to cut the power supply.

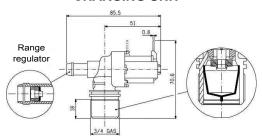
### Procedure:

Remove or wash the water supply valve. Check the inlet filter for clogging.

If the pump malfunctions or becomes worn, it must be replaced.

Inspect the water supply, steam supply and condensate drain pipes and replace them if necessary.

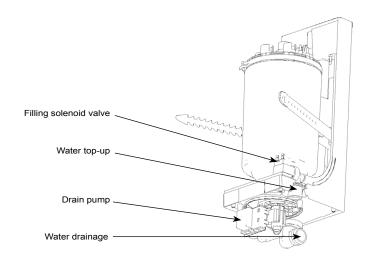
### **CHARGING UNIT**



In case of a fault on the humidifier (no steam produced), check the water conductivity:

- it must be between 350 and 1250µS/cm.

If frequent descaling is necessary, check the water hardness. It should be 15°f<TH<30°F

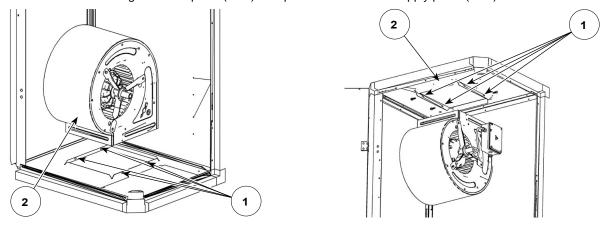


# 9.5 - Fan

Check and retighten the connections once a year.

# ■ Removing the fan:

- Remove the 4 screws holding the fan in place (no.1) to separate it from the air supply panel (no.2).



# 9.6 - Electrics box

Retighten the connections once a year.

Visually inspect the components, wires and cables.

# 10 - SERVICE INTERVAL SUMMARY TABLE

Regular maintenance will keep the unit running at optimum performance levels. The values given in the table below are provided for guidance only. They do not take into account individual factors that can lengthen or shorten the unit's service life.

COMPONENT	AT COMMISSIONING	2-3 MONTHS	12 MONTHS
Filters		- Replace	- Replace
Cooling coil		- Clean	- Check and clean the condensate drains
Electric heater (option)	- Check the connections	- Clean	- Retighten the electrical connections - Check the components
Humidifier (option) <sup>(1)</sup>	- Check the connections	- Check the condition of the cylinder, replacing it if necessary	Retighten the electrical connections     Check the components     Check the condensate drains     Make sure that steam is evenly distributed
Fans	- Check the connections		- Retighten the electrical connections
Electrics box	- Check the connections		- Retighten the electrical connections
			- Check the components
Hydraulic circuit		- Check correct operation	- Check the components
Water leak detection sensor	- Check correct operation		- Check the insulation
and relay			- Check correct operation
Filter pressure switch	Check correct operation and setpoint adjustment	<ul> <li>Check correct operation and setpoint adjustment</li> </ul>	Check correct operation and setpoint adjustment
Thermostat and fire control relay	- Check correct operation	- Check correct operation	- Check correct operation
Valve	- Check circuit for correct operation and tightness		- Check correct operation
CL2 condensation unit	F	Refer to the corresponding instruction	s

<sup>(1)</sup> If a water softener or water treatment system is used, the water hardness should not be less than 40 % of the initial hardness and should never be less than 15 °F.

# 11 - OPERATING READINGS

			Date/Time	
	Extraction pressure (bar)			
0	Extraction temperature (°C)			
Compressor	Condensation pressure (bar)			
	Condensation temperature (°C)			
	Gas/liquid inlet temperature (°C)			
Heat websens and	Gas/liquid outlet temperature (°C)			
Heat exchange coil	Air inlet temperature (°C)			
	Air outlet temperature (°C)			
	Water inlet temperature (°C)			
5	Water outlet temperature (°C)			
Plate heat exchanger	Gas/liquid inlet temperature (°C)			
	Gas/liquid outlet temperature (°C)			
Rated voltage (V)				
Voltage at terminals (V)				
Compressor absorbed cu	rrent (A)			
Fan motor absorbed curre	ent (A)			
Mechanical inspection: tu	bes, fastenings.			
Electrical connection tight	ness check			
Outdoor coil cleaning				
Check the control				
Differential pressure switch				
Leak test				
Filter check				

# 12 - REGULATIONS

# ■ Applicable standards and directives

The unit complies with the following:

DIRECTIVES	HARMONISED STANDARDS <sup>(1)</sup> when applicable
- Machinery 2006/42/EC	EN 60204-1/A1
- EMC 2014/30/EU	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3/A1
- RoHS 2011/65/EU	EN 50581
2009/125/EC (EcoDesign) and regulation (EU) 1253/2014	EN ISO 12759

<sup>(1)</sup> For dated applicable standards, refer to the declaration of conformity.

# 13 - OUTDOOR UNIT(S) (CL2) ASSOCIATED WITH 50CJ X

CL2 air-cooled condensation units are outdoor packaged units equipped as standard with:

- Low-noise scroll compressor.
- Air-cooled condenser.
- Axial fan(s) with variable speed control.

These are factory tested and supplied with a nitrogen charge.

# 14 - RECEIVING THE EQUIPMENT

Check the unit for any damage or missing components upon delivery. Note any damaged or missing parts on the delivery slip.

IMPORTANT: you must notify the carrier of any damage and/or missing parts by registered letter within three days of the delivery date.

# 15 - EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

Each unit has a name plate bearing an identification number.

Please state this number in all correspondence.

# 16 - WARRANTY

The warranty is effective for a period of 12 months from the commissioning date, provided said date occurs within three months of the invoice date.

It is effective for a period of 15 months from the unit invoice date in all other cases.

NOTE: for further information, refer to the application of the CARRIER warranty.

# 17 - SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

To protect against accidents while installing, commissioning and adjusting the unit, the following settings must be kept in mind:

- Pressurised refrigeration circuit
- Presence of refrigerant
- Presence of voltage
- Installation location
- Temperature up to 150°C

Only experienced and qualified persons may work on this equipment. The recommendations and instructions given in the maintenance brochures and the special instructions on the labels must be followed.

Always comply with applicable standards and regulations.

IMPORTANT: before carrying out any work on the unit, make sure it is powered off.

# **18 - UNIT LOCATION**

The installer must check the following points before handling, placing or connecting the unit:

- These units are intended for use outdoors, near a building, on a deck/patio or in a garden. Although it is rain resistant, it may be installed under a shelter with adequate ventilation on all four sides.
- The ground or surface on which the unit is placed must be strong enough to support the weight of the unit.
- Position the unit above the average snow depth for the region where the unit is installed.
- The unit must be perfectly level.
- Leave sufficient room around the unit to allow easy access for servicing and
- maintenance.

Sound level: our units are designed to operate quietly. However, as soon as you begin designing your system, you should take the following into consideration: the outdoor environment for radiated noise, and the building type for solid and air-borne noise transmission (vibrations).

If in doubt, have an analysis performed by an acoustical engineer.

# 19 - WEIGHT AND HANDLING

Now that you have chosen a location for your unit, you may begin installing it. Take into account the weight and dimensions of the unit (see Technical characteristics table "Dimensions").

IMPORTANT: raise the unit carefully and keep it vertical.

# 20 - OPERATING LIMITS

The CL2 must be used within the following operating ranges:

	Minimum	Maximum
Outdoor temperature	-15 °C	+45 °C
Evaporation temperature	+20 °C	+12.5 °C

# 21 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

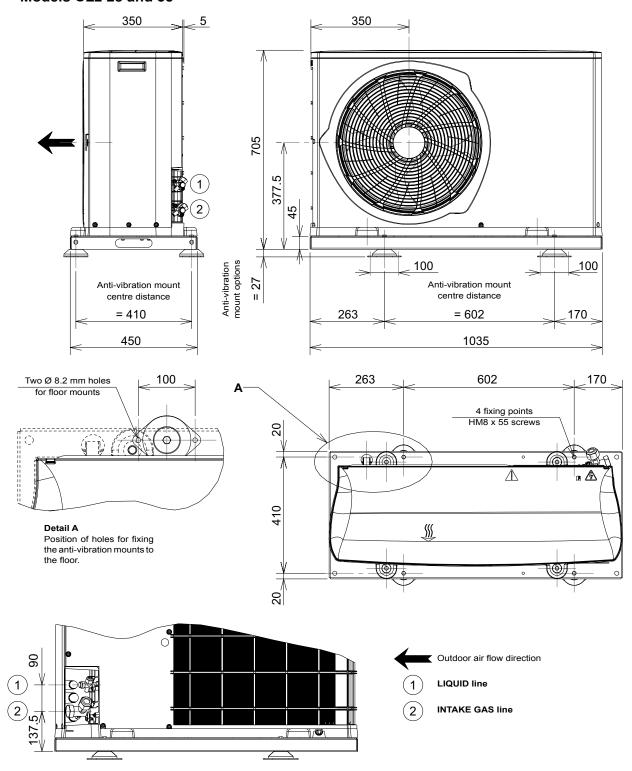
CL2			28	35	50	65	75
	Quantity		1				
Compressor	Туре		SCROLL				
Compressor	Oil capacity	1	1,25			1	,7
	Oil type		POE				
Refrigerant			R410a				
Refrigerant charge			Refrigerant not supplied (nitrogen charge)				
Crankcase heater power and current		W/A	40 W/0,17 A 45 W/0,2 A 45 W/0,2 A				
Coil type			Grooved copper tubes - aluminium fins				
	Type		Propeller				
For	Quantity		1 2			_	
Fan	Nominal flow rate	m3/h	2350	2770	4700	5540	5000
Speed		RPM	700	904	700	90	04
Weight		kg	69	69	101	112	118
Refrigerant connections	Liquid line	inch	3/8"		1/2"		
	Gas line	inch	5/8" 3/4" 7/8"			8"	

# 22 - ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

CL2			28	35	50	65	75
Camananan	Voltage		400 V - 3 Ph - 50 Hz				
Compressor	Maximum current	Α	6,9	8,0	10,3	15,0	15,0
Fans	Maximum current	Α	0,46 0,97 0,92 1,94		94		
Rated voltage of unit		V	400 V - 3 Ph+N - 50 Hz				
Total current		Α	7,5	9,0	11,3	17,0	17,0
Starting current A		38	43	65,5	75,5	102,5	
Electrical cables not supplied* mm²		5G1,5	5G2,5	5G4	5G6	5G6	
Recommended rating for the proximity switch Am		1	0	16	20	20	

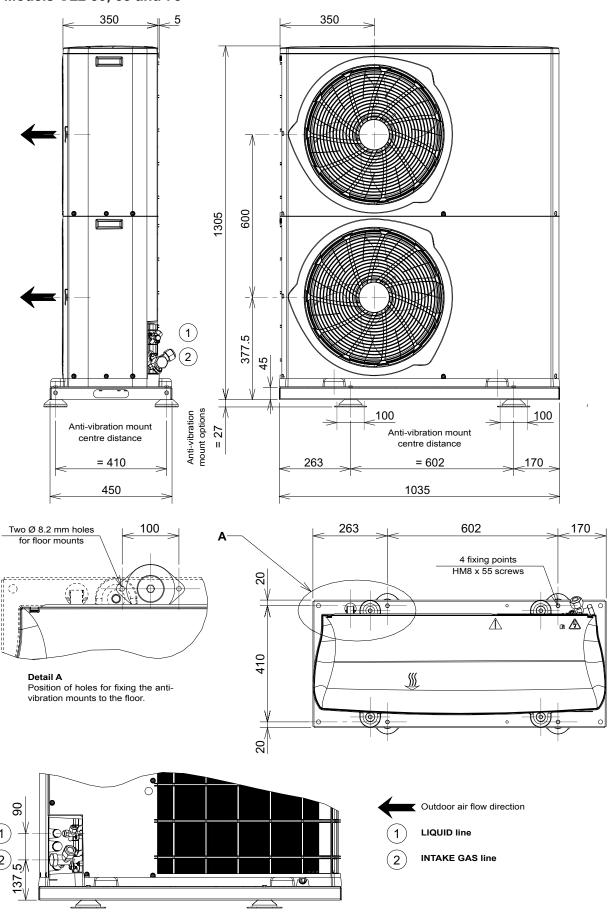
<sup>\*</sup> Cable with 2 or 3 charged conductors in a raceway or duct, exposed mounting, for temperatures below 60°C and a maximum length of 30 m. **Note:** For different conditions, refer to the current standard in the country of installation (example for France: NFC 15-100).

# 23.1 - Models CL2 28 and 35

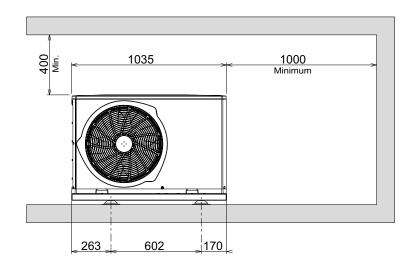


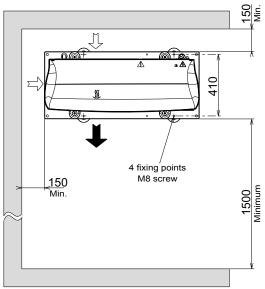
Anti-vibration mounts are fitted to the heat pump using 4 x HM8 screws, 55 mm in length.

# 23.2 - Models CL2 50, 65 and 75

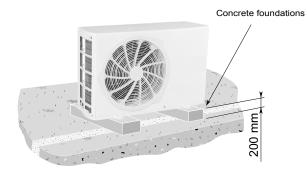


Anti-vibration mounts are fitted to the heat pump using 4 x HM8 screws, 55 mm in length.

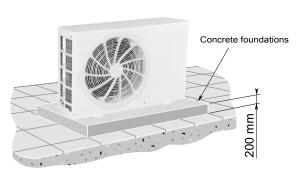


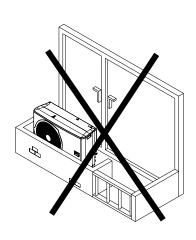


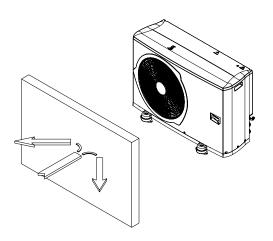
# Installation on soft ground



# Installation on concrete ground







Nothing should obstruct the free flow of air over the air-cooled exchanger. Adhere to the minimum distances shown above.

Protect from prevailing winds

# 25 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

CL2 units conform to the requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive and, more specifically, with those of international standards EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-40, EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4.

Always disconnect the unit before attempting to wire connections.

Open the roof as shown above, make the electrical connections as per the wiring diagram supplied with the unit and tighten the terminals.







remove the middle screw (rear section)

unclip at both ends

remove the roof

- The electrical characteristics of the mains supply must be identical to those on the name plate.
- The power supply must meet the following requirements: 400 V<sub>-10</sub> % 50 Hz for all models.
- All wiring must be connected in accordance with the regulations that apply to the installation site (e.g. NF C 15100 in France).
- The cable must be carefully chosen based on the maximum current of the unit (see table of electrical specifications), the distance of the unit from the main supply point, the upstream protection and the neutral operating conditions.

IMPORTANT: Connect the unit to earth before making any other electrical connections.

A main cut-off switch must be installed on the unit.



Detail of electrics box supply

- External control input: this dry contact positioned between terminals 1 and 2 is used to start the compressor
- contact closed = on
- contact open = off

To avoid damage to the compressor, the number of on/off cycles must not exceed 10 per hour.

Information to be taken into account for the contact quality: the current passing through it is 35mA at 230V.

- Fault reporting outputs: they indicate that one of the 2 pressure switches has been deactivated.

### Contact characteristics:

- Minimum current: 10 mAMinimum voltage: 10 V
- Load: 4000 Va for AC1, 750 VA for AC15

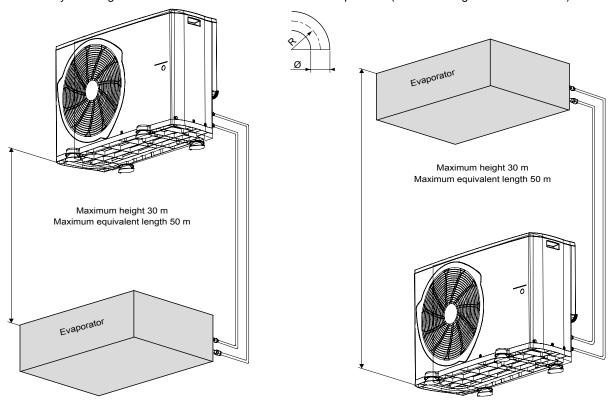
# 26 - SETTING THE CONTROL AND SAFETY DEVICES

High pressure switch with manual reset: deactivated at 41.5 bar

Low pressure switch with automatic reset: deactivated at 2.5 bar/activated at 4.5 bar

Condensation pressure control: 24 bar regulation (factory setting)

Once the outdoor and indoor units have been installed, the refrigerant connections must be made to link the units. When doing this, apply the installation standards and carefully study the pipe diagram, ensuring the shortest distance and the smallest number of elbows. Likewise, avoid restrictions by ensuring the curves on the elbows are as shallow as possible (curve radius greater than  $3.5 \times \emptyset$ ).



To calculate the equivalent length, take into account the accessories pressure drops. Equivalent elbow lengths at 90°:

Pipe diameter (inches)	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"
Equivalent length (m)	0,35	0,45	0,55	0,65	0,70

### ■ Preparing the pipes

For refrigerant pipes, only use refrigeration grade copper tubes (Cu-DHP type in accordance with standard ISO 1337), insulated, degreased and deoxidised, suitable for an operating pressure of at least 4200 kPa and minimum burst pressure of 20,700 kPa. Domestic water type copper pipes must never be used.

- Smooth the ends of the pipes by inclining them downwards. Make sure there is no contamination inside the pipes.
- Remove the flare nuts from the unit and place them on the pipe. Flare the ends of the pipes. Characteristics of a properly flared pipe:
- Smooth, polished inner surface.
- Polished, even outer edges.
- Conical flare, uniform length.
- Insulate the two pipes.

### Connecting the units

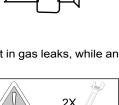
- Connect the two units.

For the CL2, tighten the flare unions using two wrenches.

If these two wrenches are not used, there is a risk of breakage, which will void the warranty.

- Tighten the pipes to the correct torque given in the table below. An insufficient tightening torque may result in gas leaks, while an excessive torque may damage the pipe flare and allow gas to escape.

Pipe d	iameter	Minimum pipe thickness	Tightening torque	
mm	inch	mm	Nm	
9,52	3/8"	0,80	30	
12,70	1/2"	0,80	40	
15,87	5/8"	0,89	60	
19,05	3/4"	1,00	80	
22,22	7/8"	1,20	100	



# 27 - REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

Since it is forbidden to discharge R410A into the atmosphere (standard NF EN 378-2 paragraph 6.3.4.1), R410A may not be used in pressure tests on the refrigerant connections.

- Remove the plugs from the CL2 shut-off valves and open the valves (anticlockwise).



- Refit the plugs on the shut-off valves.
- Use the charging valve (Schrader) on the CL2 to fill the outdoor module, two refrigerant pipes and evaporator with nitrogen and helium (if you have a helium detector) up to a pressure of 10 bar.
- Check all the connections for leaks

### R410A evacuation and charging

- Evacuate the pressure from the circuit.
- Connect the manifold to the gas charging valve (Schrader) on the CL2. Connect the vacuum pump.
- Evacuate the CL2, the two pipes and the evaporator to obtain a value of -0.1 Mpa (-76 cm Hg).
- Turn off the vacuum pump and make sure the pressure remains stable for five minutes.
- Disconnect the vacuum pump.
- Connect the R410A canister to the manifold, without tightening it.
- Open the valve on the R410A canister momentarily to drain the hose.
- Tighten the union on the manifold.
- Open the tap on the R410A canister to break the vacuum in the installation.
- Disconnect one of the wires from the low-pressure pressostat.
- Before starting up the compressor, check that the operations below have been carried out:
- Electrical connection (check that all the connections are correctly tightened and that the voltage is stable and in accordance with the data on the manufacturer's data plate).
- · Connecting the refrigeration lines.
- · Pressure test.
- Evacuation.
- To charge with R410A fluid, if it is not possible to fill the unit with all of the charge with the compressor off, power up and start the compressor (close the contact on the external control input):

# For CL2 connected to CARRIER air handling units:

CL2 units are pre-charged. To this pre-charge, add the charge indicated in the air handling unit manual, plus the additional charge below, depending on the length of your pipes.

CONDENCIAT CL2	Outdoor module charge (kg)	Additional charge (g/m)
28	1,6	55
35	1,6	58
50	2,65	61
65	2,75	70
75	3	101

Example: for 3 metres of pipes between the CL2 50 and the indoor unit, the additional charge will be 3x61g.

### For other configurations:

- Top up the charge by checking the overheating and the subcooling.

Values normally used:

- Overheating: 5 to 6 K
- Subcooling:
- 3 to 4 K for an evaporation temperature of 10 °C
- 6 to 9 K for an evaporation temperature of 0 °C
- Once charging is complete, close the tap on the R410A canister.
- Stop the compressor and power off. Rewire the low pressure switch.
- Remove the charging device.

# 28 - COMMISSIONING

- You can now restart the equipment and check that it is operating correctly.
- Check the safety components.

It is recommended to note the operating readings (table below) for the equipment, indicating the serial number and all other required data that appears on the identification plate. This enables the system efficiency to be checked and faults prevented.

			Date	Time	
CL2 operating readings System start-up date: Serial No.: Installer: Model: 28   35   50   65   75					
	Suction pressure	bar			
Compressor	Intake temperature	°C			
Compressor	Condensation pressure	bar			
	Condensing temperature	°C			
	Gas inlet temperature	°C			
Air-cooled condenser	Liquid outlet temperature	°C			
All-cooled condenser	Air inlet temperature	°C			
	Air outlet temperature	°C			
Nominal voltage		V			
Voltage at terminals		V			
Motor(s) input current		Α			
Mechanical inspection: tubes, fastenings.					
Electrical connection tightness check					
Clean the coil					
Control check					

# 29 - CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Before working on the unit, disconnect it from its electrical power source. For units equipped with orange terminals, raise all the orange breaking devices and cut the 2 circuit breakers.

- Working on the compressor:
- The compressor is fastened to the platform by four dia. 8 mm screws.

Warning: Do not tighten these screws to a torque of more than 13 Nm.

If you do not have a torque wrench, tighten them until they are snug then tighten a further ¾ turn.

### **Recommendations:**

Take the operating readings and perform the checks (in the table in section 27) at least once a year.

To ensure your unit runs smoothly and to obtain service under the warranty, take out a maintenance contract with your installer or an approved maintenance company.

With the system running, check it thoroughly for any abnormal visual signs or noises.

Make sure there are no traces of oil around the unit.

Specific details and mandatory checks relating to the use of refrigerant fluid

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 842/2006 on certain greenhouse gases.

R410A refrigerant fluid is a gas which has the following impact on the environment:

- 1/ No impact on the ozone layer: ODP (Ozone Depletion Potential) = 0.
- 2/ Impact on the greenhouse effect: GWP (Global Warming Potential) = 2088.
- Users must have units containing over 3 kg of refrigerant periodically checked for leaks by qualified personnel (2 kg in France, decree and order of 7 May 2007). Regardless of the refrigerant charge in your system, CARRIER requires that this check be carried out in order to keep your system in good working order.
- Users of any system containing over 3 kg of refrigerant (2 kg in France) are required to keep a log of the quantities and types of refrigerants used, added or recovered, and to include the dates and results of leak checks. The name of the technician and his company must also be recorded. The manufacturer strongly recommends keeping such a log even if the refrigerant charge of your system does not require one.
- A leak check must be carried out one month after any leak repairs.
- Users are responsible for collecting used refrigerant and having it recycled, regenerated or destroyed.

Mandatory check each year

Detection of leaks on the refrigerating circuit.

Clean the coil:

- Remove the unit's cover (see procedure in electrical connection section)
- Using a vacuum cleaner, carefully clean the coil and the entire blower compartment.
- Put the cover back in place.

Clean the unit's pan.

# 30 - TROUBLESHOOTING

# IMPORTANT: when carrying out repairs, always use original parts, paying particular attention to their installation, as all parts must remain in their original positions.

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Condensation temperature too low	a) Insufficient gas     b) Obstacle in the expansion component	a) Look for leaks and top up the charge b) Check the expansion valve
Condensation pressure too high compared to the discharge air, high pressure alarm	a) Insufficient air flow b) Air intake temperature too high c) Condenser fouled (no exchange) d) Excessive refrigerant charge (condenser flooded) e) The condenser fan is faulty f) Air in the refrigerating circuit	a) Check the condenser fan b) Check the condensation regulation setting c) Clean it d) Bleed e) Repair f) Bleed
The compressor does not start	a) Power supply fault     b) The contacts of a control components are open     c) Contactor coil blown     d) Internal electronic thermistor thermostat open	a) Check the differential and fuses b) Check the safety chain c) Replace it d) Wait for the restart and check the input current
The compressor does not start, the motor makes an intermittent noise	a) Network voltage very low     b) Power supply cable disconnected	a) Check the line voltage and locate the voltage drop b) Check the connections
The compressor stops and starts repeatedly	a) External control contact cycling too rapidly a) Insufficient gas. c) Evaporator fouled d) The evaporator fan or accelerator pump is not working. e) Expansion device damaged or blocked by impurities f) Dehumidifier filter blocked.	a) Adjust the control (increase the control differential) b) Look for the leak and recharge the equipment c) Clean it d) Repair or replace it e) Replace it f) Replace it
The compressor is noisy	a) Mounting loose     b) Insufficient oil     c) Noise inside the compressor	a) Retighten b) Add oil to the recommended level c) Replace it
Noisy operation	a) Unit installed without anti-vibration protection	a) Place the base on anti-vibration mountings
Evaporation pressure too low.	a) Insufficient flow rate in the evaporator b) Evaporator frozen (for air evaporators) c) Expansion valve blocked a) Insufficient gas e) Condensation temperature very low f) Evaporator fan or accelerator pump faulty	a) Check the flow rates b) Check the defrosting c) Remove and clean the expansion valve d) Look for the leak and top up the charge e) Air temperature in the condenser very low (air flow rate very high), adjust the flow rate using the CL2 control board f) Repair it





